Name of the	Human Information Behavior			
Course				
Course Code	HUM-105			
Credit Hours	3			
Objectives	 To demonstrate an understanding of the theoretical foundations of human information behavior. To understand human information behavior in a variety of contexts. To be able to think critically and reflectively about human information behavior. To demonstrate the ability to work collaboratively. To apply concepts and research findings from human information behavior to a variety of library and information service settings, as well as to other aspects of life. 			
Contents	Unit-I Introduction to information behavior			
	1.1 Nature of information and knowledge 1.2 Components of information behavior 1.3 Types and characteristics of information use and users Unit-II Models and theories of information behavior 2.1 Wilson's model of information behavior 2.2 Kuhlthau's Information search process 2.3 Anomalous state of knowledge 2.4 Sensemaking theory 2.5 Information encountering 2.6 Ellis's model of information seeking behavior Unit-III Contexts of information seeking 3.1 Academic context 3.2 Socio-cultural context 3.3 Digital context Unit-IV Factors influencing information behavior 4.1 Internal factors 4.2 External factors 4.3 Relationship between internal and external factors Unit-V Collaborative information behavior 5.1 Definition 5.2 Characteristics 5.3 Challenges Unit-VI Related concepts 6.1 Information access, dissemination and use 6.2 Browsing, scanning, and serendipity 6.3 Relevance in information retrieval 6.4 Avoiding information 6.5 Information technology and information behavior			
Teaching & Learning Strategies Assignments	A combination of lecturing, class participation, and discussions will be used to conduct the course. Students will be expected to read extensively ahead of each class session and actively participate in discussions. Written assignment (10 marks), presentation (5 marks) and quiz (10 marks)			

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Recommended	Al-Suqri, M. N. (2015). Information seeking behavior and technology				
Reading Material	adoption: Theories and trends. Hershey: Information Science				
	Reference.				
	Case, D. O. & Given, L. M. (2016). Looking for information: A survey of				
	research on information seeking, needs, and behavior (4 th ed.). San				
	Diego: Emerald Group Publishing Limited.				
	Chelton, M. K., & Cool, C. (2006). Youth information-seeking behavior				
	II: Context, theories, models, and issues Volume 2. Lanham, MD:				
	Scarecrow Press.				
	Fidel, R. (2012). Human information interaction: An ecological approach				
	to information behavior. England: The MIT Press.				
	Fisher, K. E., Erdelez, S., & McKechnie, L. (2005). Theories of				
	information behavior. Medford, NJ: Information Today.				
	Ford, N. (2015). Introduction to information behavior. London: Facet				
	Publishing				
	Hansen, P, & Jarvelin, K (2005). Collaborative information retrieval in a				
	information-intensive domain. Information Processing and				
	Management, 41:1101–1119.				
	Pettigrew, K. E., Fidel, R., & Bruce, H. (2002). Conceptual models in				
	information behavior research. In M. Williams (Ed.), Annual				
	Review of Information Science and Technology (Vol. 55, pp. 249-				
	270). Medford, NJ: Information Today.				

Assessment and Examinations:

Sr.#	Elements	Weightage	Details
1	Midterm Assessment	35%	Written test (at the mid-point of the semester)
2	Formative Assessment	25%	Assignment, presentation and quiz
3	Final Assessment	40%	Written test (at the end of the semester)